

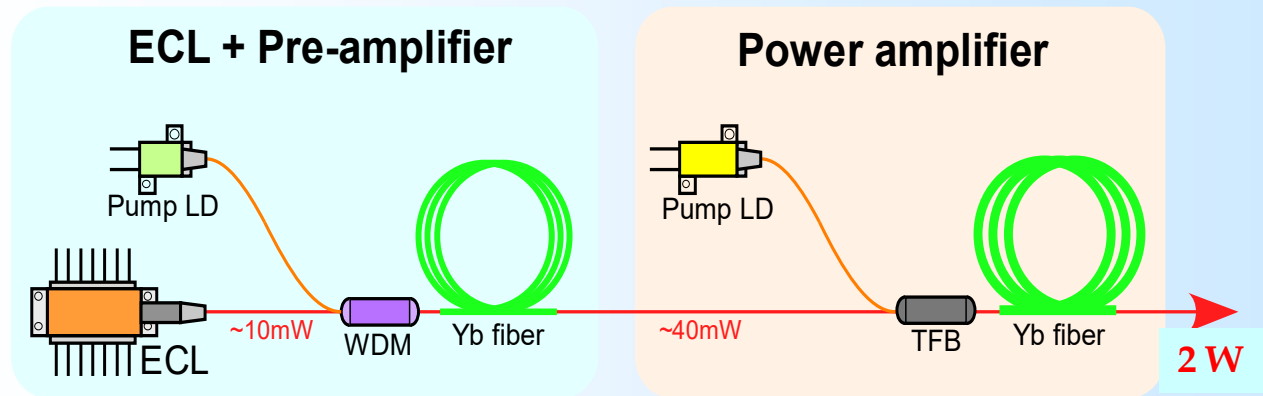
# LISA Laser Development in the US

**Jordan Camp, Kenji Numata  
NASA Goddard Space Flight Center**

**LISA XI Symposium  
Zurich  
Sept 6, 2016**



# GSFC LISA laser design



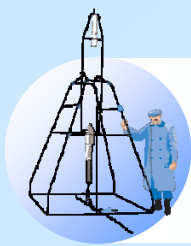
## MOPA design

External Cavity Laser, fiber preamp, fiber amplifier

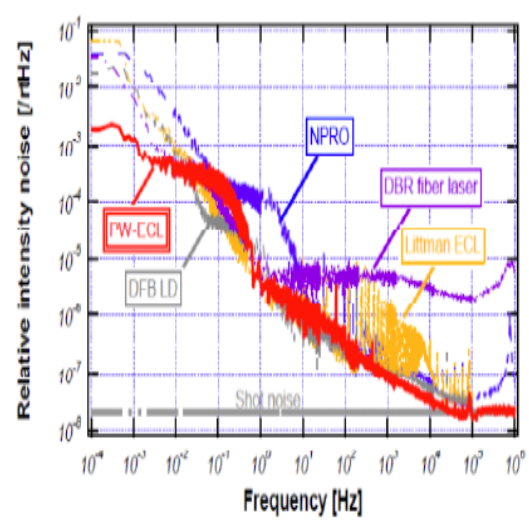
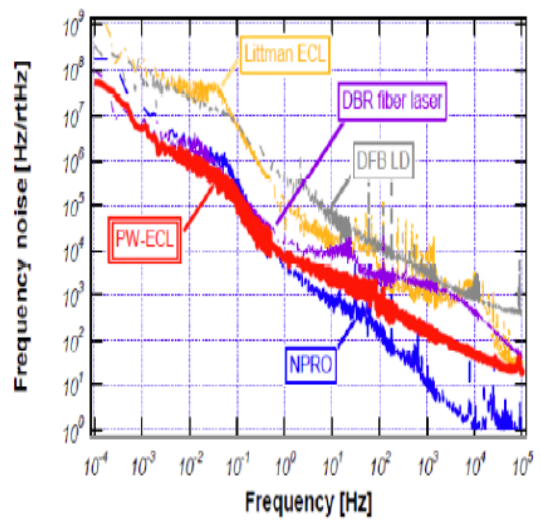
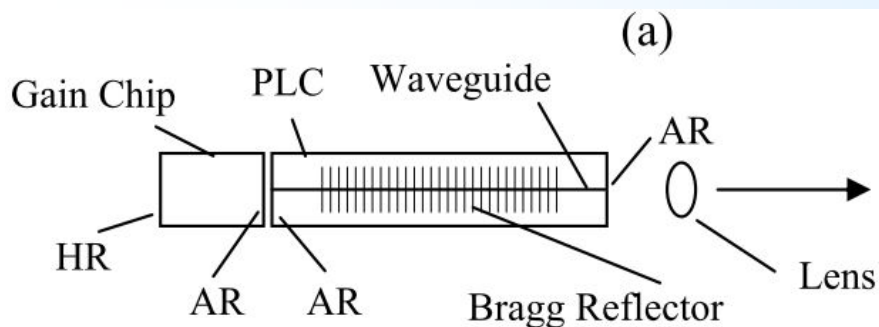
1064 nm wavelength, 2 Watt output

Fully transparent design (M. Trobbs, collaborator)

(ESA is interested...)



# Oscillator: External Cavity Laser



Simple, compact, low mass, space qualified laser (butterfly package)



NPRO

ECL



Numata, Camp, Krainak, Stolpner, OE 18, 22781

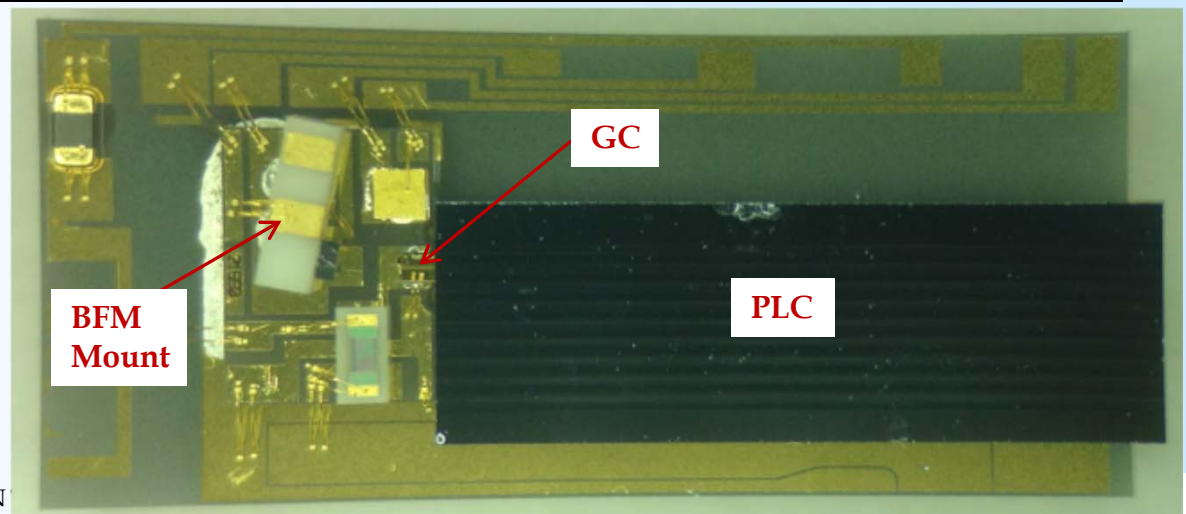


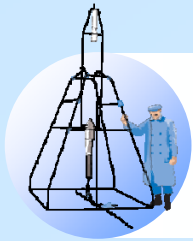
# Conversion of ECL wavelength to 1064 nm

Gain Chip		
	RWG (1064nm)	BH (1550nm)
1	Complex epi design	epi design is decoupled from mode size converter
a	Use special design to expand beam size	Beam defined by BH and mode size converter
2	Waveguide defined by RWG	Waveguide defined by BH
a	Weak index guiding	Strong index guiding
b	Thermal and carrier lensing affect beam profile	No thermal and carrier lensing
c	Beam profile depends on operating current	Beam profile does not depend on operating current
d	Excitation of $TEM_{01}$ could degrade noise	Only $TEM_{00}$
f	High ellipticity	Almost circular
g	High GC-PLC coupling loss	Low GC-PLC coupling loss
h	Requires facet passivation	Does not require facet passivation
i	One-step growth	Two-step growth

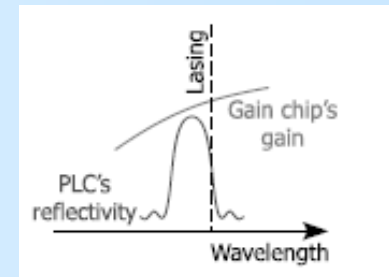
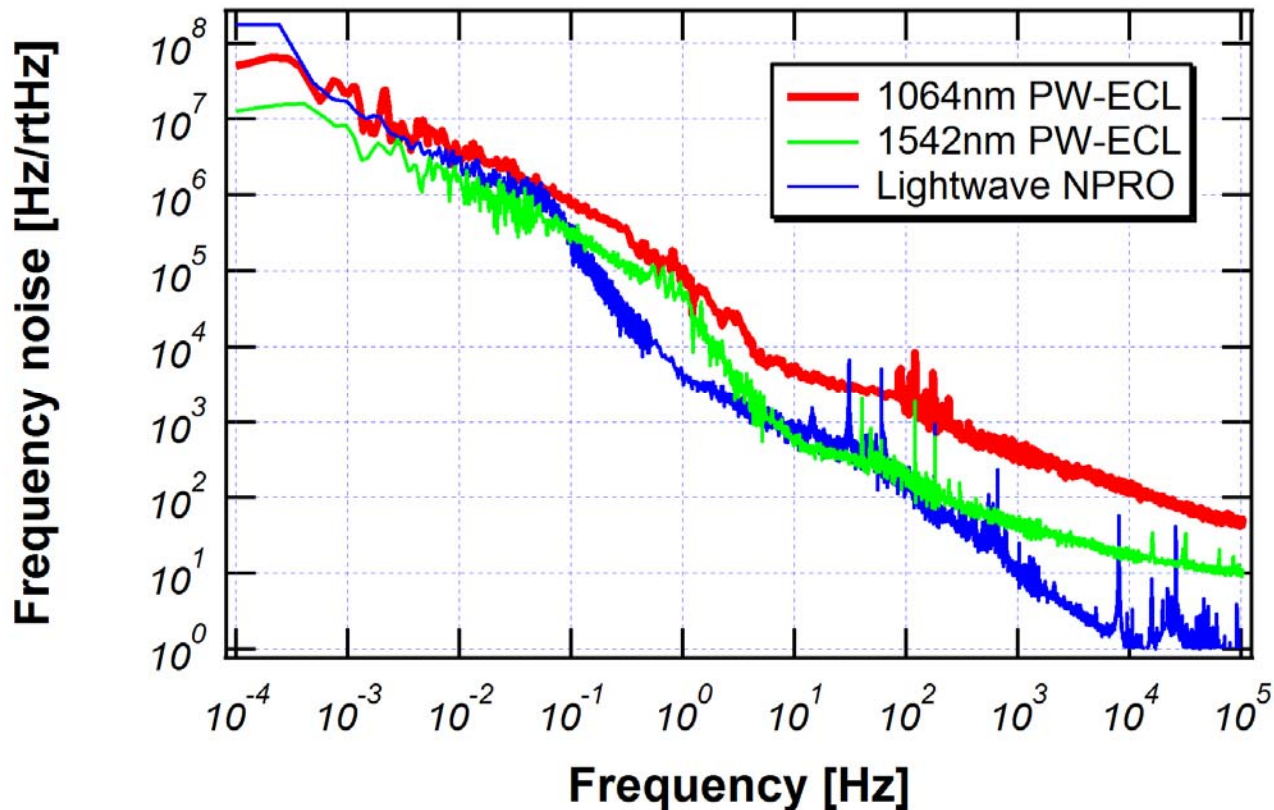
- PLC = Planar linear cavity
- GC = gain chip
- BFM = back facet monitor

Numata, Alalusi, Stolpner, Camp, Krainak, OL 39, 2101 (2014)





# Frequency noise of world's 1<sup>st</sup> 1064 nm ECL (in Butterfly package)

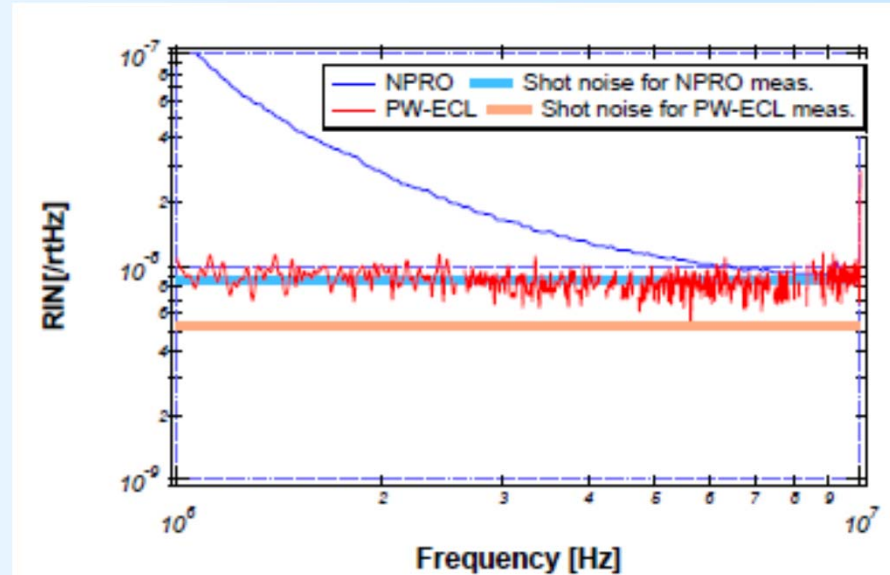
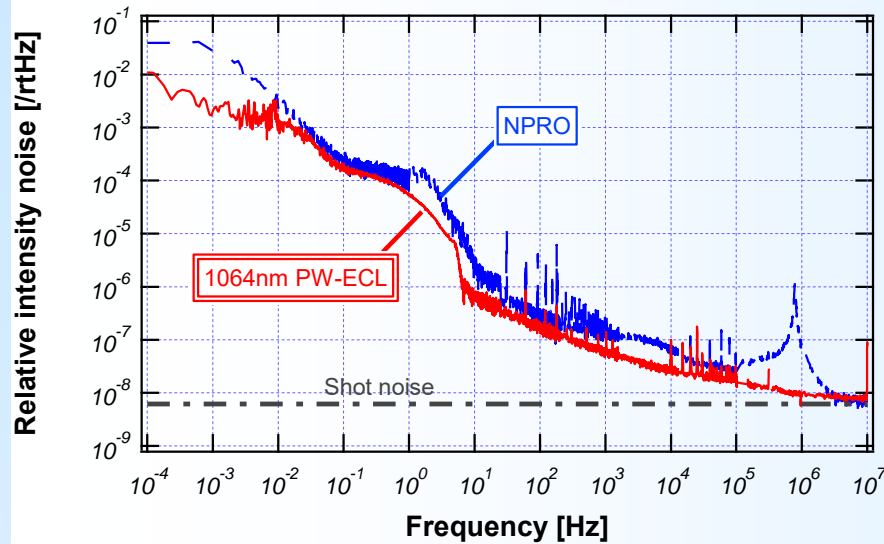


**Lowering phase noise:** 1) optimize optical cavity reflectivity slope → strong feedback 2) optimize gain chip for low loss and low 1/f noise 3) ellipticity of beam





# Intensity Noise of 1064 nm ECL

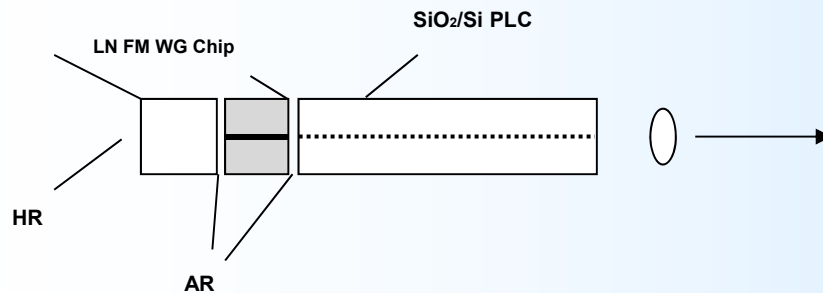


Intensity noise of ECL less than NPRO below 6 MHz: ,  
with shot noise  $\sim 10^{-8}$  / rtHz

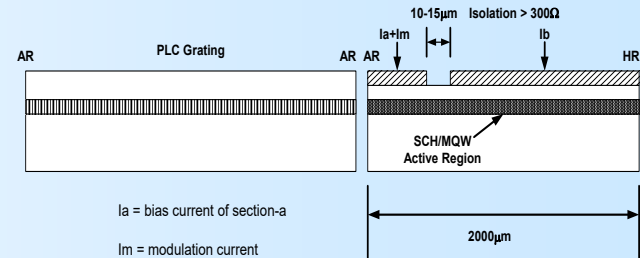


# Internal Frequency Modulation of ECL (to be investigated in FY 17)

Gain Chip

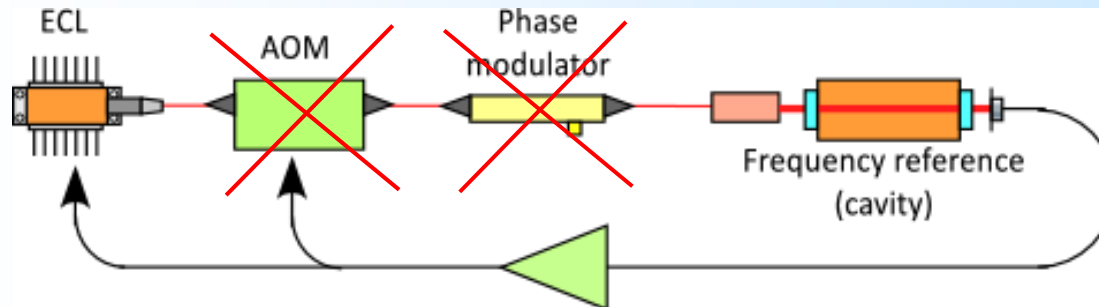


Intracavity modulator



Gain chip modulator

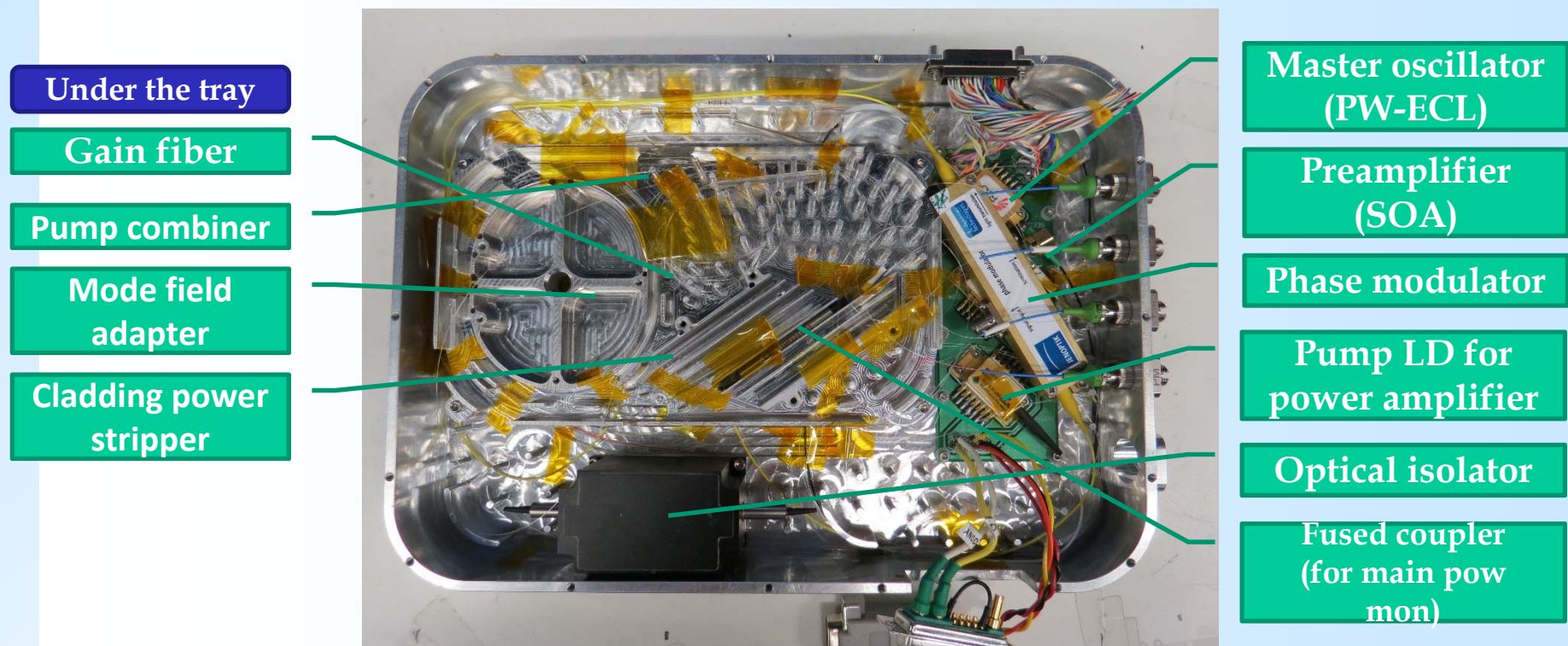
- Implementation of FM in ECL
  - ~ 1 GHz bandwidth



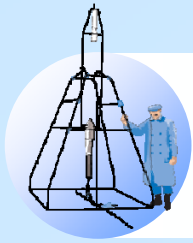


# Laser system packaging

- Seed (ECL), preamp, phase modulator and fiber amplifier, are one integrated unit

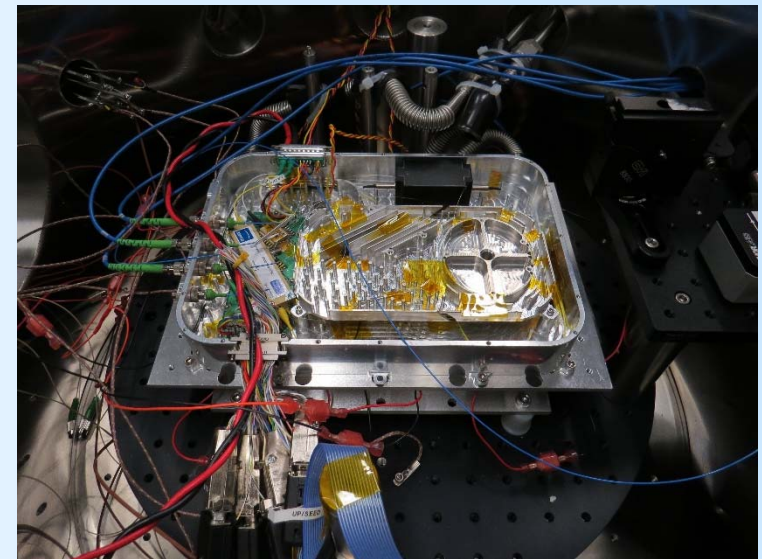
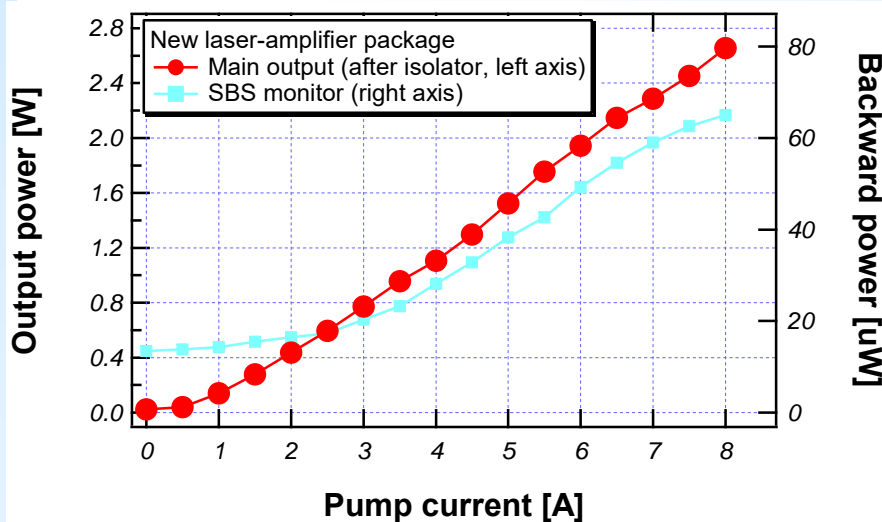






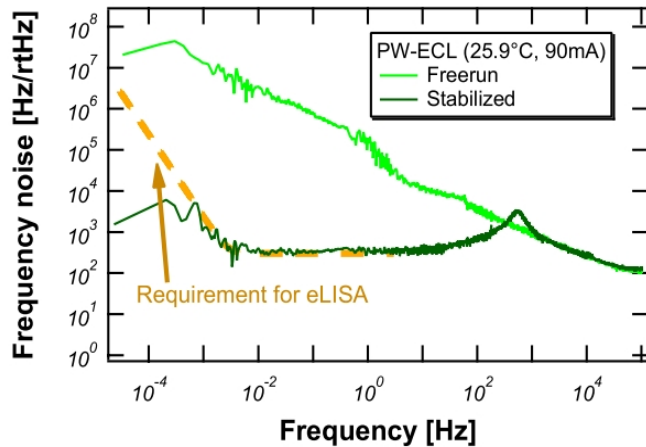
# Laser System Operation

- Performance testing
  - Max power: > 2.6W
    - Low SBS level
  - >50 hours operation under vacuum
    - No damage/degradation observed

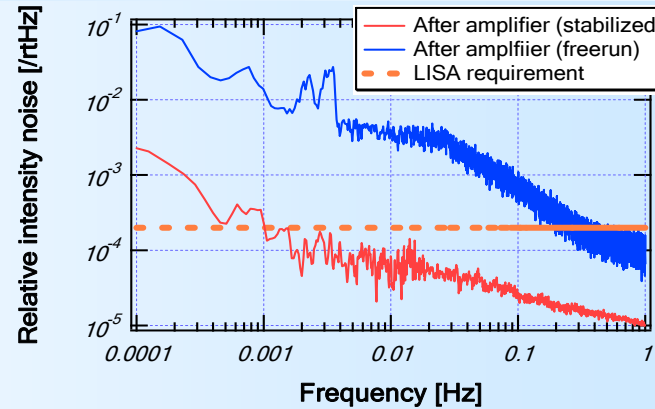




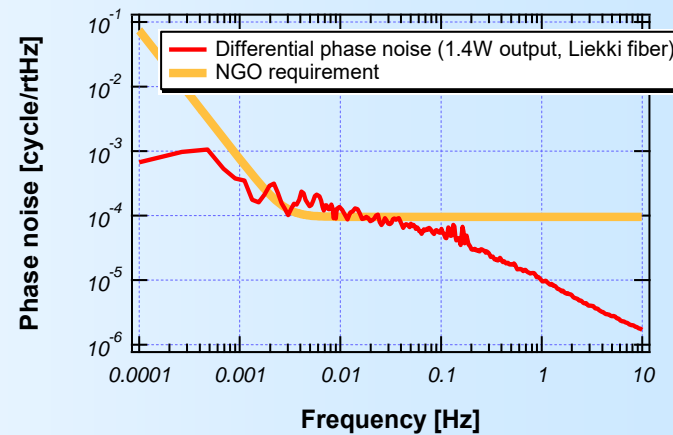
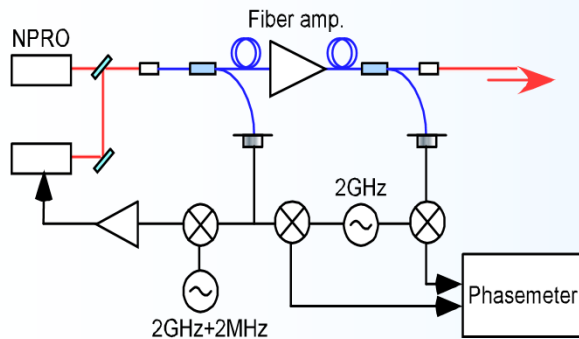
# Noise performance of laser system



Frequency Noise



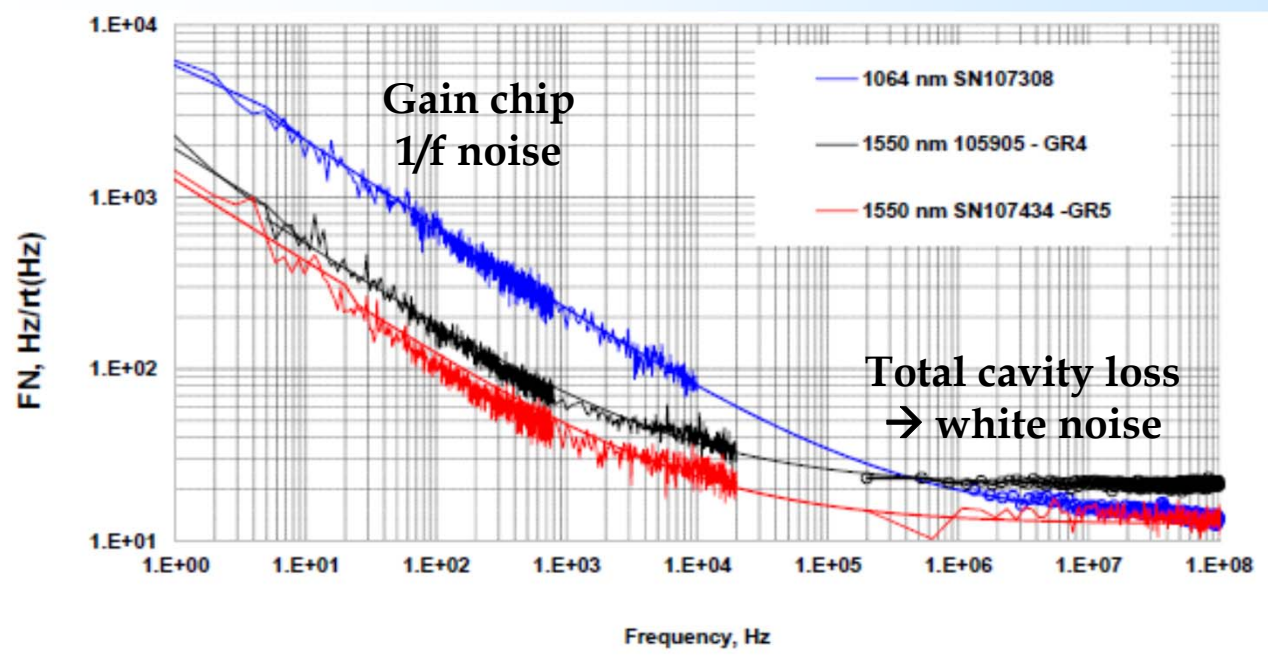
Intensity Noise



Differential Phase Noise

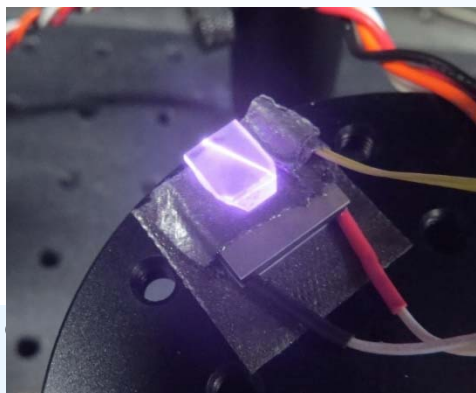


# Frequency Noise at 100 kHz

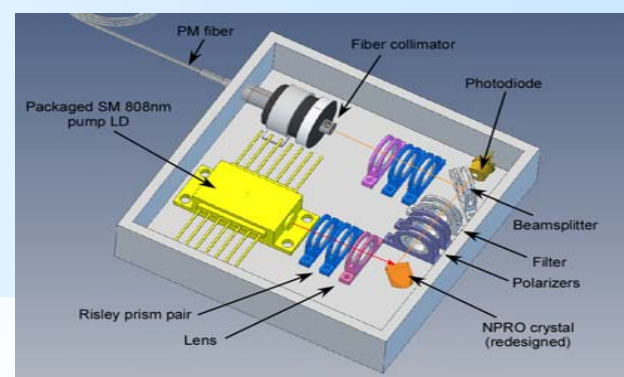


**ECL:**  
progress in  
phase noise

**3 new RIO  
products**



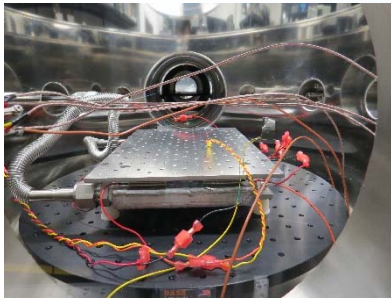
**NPRO:**  
option under  
development



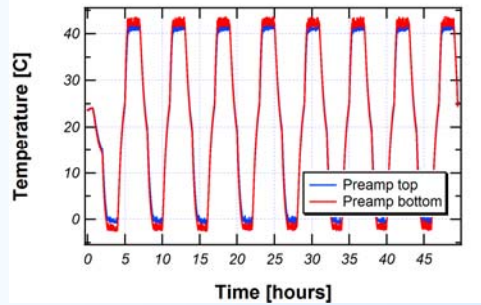
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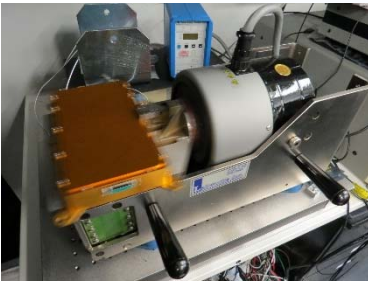
# Laser Preamp Environmental Testing: Thermal, Vibration, Radiation



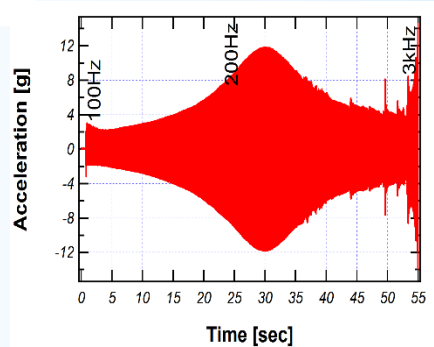
Vacuum thermal cycling apparatus, including thermal plate and heating/cooling lines



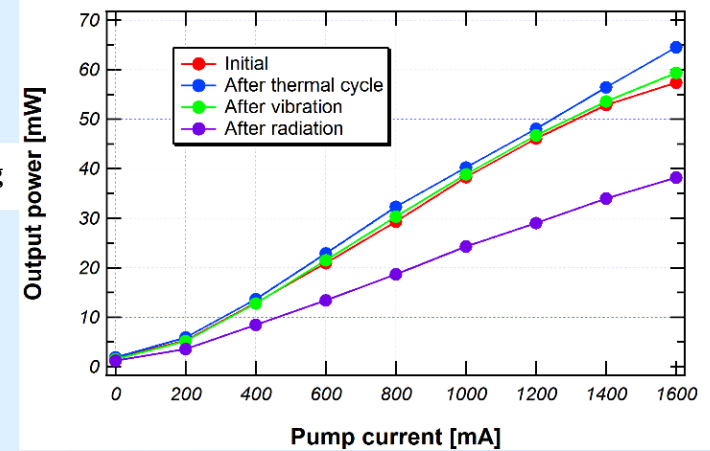
Temperature profile of thermal cycling



Vibration instrument shaking preamp/ECL



Acceleration from vibration instrument



Result of environmental testing on ECL + preamp laser power



# Possible Laser Development Schedule

<b>Deliverable</b>	<b>Date</b>
<b>ECL phase noise reduction</b>	Q2 FY18
<b>Intracavity Frequency Modulator (?)</b>	Q4 FY18
<b>Space Qualified NPRO</b>	Q2 FY18
<b>Seed laser downselect</b>	Q3 FY18
<b>Laser system lifetime</b>	Q4 FY19



## Summary

- **Preamp, amp ~meet specs (noise, environmental tests)**
- **ECL needs x5 reduction in phase noise at 100 kHz**
  - **starting development of NPRO as backup option**
    - **downselect in 2018**
- **Laser lifetime tests in 2019 will demonstrate TRL6**
- **Collaboration with AEI (M. Trobs) to keep ESA colleagues fully knowledgeable about US laser work**
  - **Trobs to visit Goddard this fall**